## **Nursery School Progression Map: Pencil Grip and Control**

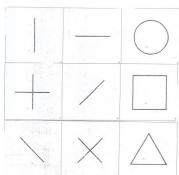
FISTED GRIP	DIGITAL PRONATE GRIP	4 FINGER GRIP HIGH INDEX	HOOKED WRIST OR EXTENDED WRIST	CROSS THUMB	THUMB TUCK	JOINT OF INDEX FINGER AND THUMB IN A FLEXED POSITION	INDEX FINGER JOINT IN HYPER EXTENDED POSITION	THUMB IN HYPER EXTENDED POSITION	STATIC TRIPOD GRIP 3 FINGER GRASP ALL FINGERS MOVE AS ONE	LATERA L TRIPOD	DYNAMIC TRIPOD GRIP
1-2 YEARS	2-3 YEARS	3-4 YEARS		4-6 YEARS							
FISTED GRIP 1-2 years old Caben when half be writing ball like a dayse croking using her whole arm.	OR  3-3 years old  15 years old the pile is a special of the pile is a special order	4 FINGER GRIP 3-4 yearn old 4 finges are held on the wing bod. Movement a mostly from the winst and the hand and fingen move as one.	extended wrist	the cross thumb	the thumb tuck	joints of index finger and thumb in a flexed position	index finger joint in hyperextended position	thumb joint in hyperextended position	STATIC TRIPOD GRIP 4-5 years old The data frage and middle froger sort is one unit.	the lateral tripod	YEARS  DYNAMIC TRIPOD GRIP By 8 or 7 years old but his site dout go to hely move the pencil efficately, accurately.
Pencil is held in the palm. All fingers and thumb are used. Moveme nt is from the shoulder; the arm and the hand	All fingers are holding the pencil but the wrist is turned so that the palm is facing down towards the page.  Movement comes mostly from the elbow and the shoulder is now	Fingers are held on the pencil shaft opposite the thumb, beginning to form the arc between the thumb and index finger. Movement occurs from the wrist; the hand and fingers move as a whole	work as one of Movement is A static quad	unit. usually fro ropod grip	m the wrist w has a fourth f	b, index finger and ith this static grainger involved. copied with this g	isp.				Pencil is held in a stable position between the thumb, index and middle finger. The ring and little fingers are bent and rest comfortably on the table. The index finger and thumb form an open space. Movement

move as	stabilized.	unit.		comes from the
a unit.	Horizontal	Zigzag lines,		fingertips.
Light	lines, vertical	crossed lines		This is the ideal
scribbles	lines and	and simple		grip to move the
are	circular lines	humans can		pencil
produced	are able to be	be drawn with		efficiently,
with this	copied.	this		accurately and
pencil		grip.		for letter
grip.				formation
				practice.
Develop	Work on a	Work on a	Develop web space.	No action
small	vertical	vertical	Develop finger opposition.	needed
muscles	surface to	surface to	Develop thumb stability.	
and	stimulate	stimulate	Inroduce tripod grip.	
arches of	wrist	stability in the	Triangle pencil grip may be used	
the	stability.	shoulder, arm,		
hands.	Develop open	wrist and		
Develop	web space.	hand.		
wrist				
stability.				

## Prerequisites to handwriting

Before handwriting instructions can begin, children must have the following

- •Small muscle development
- Eye-hand coordination
- •The ability to hold utensils or writing tools
- •The capacity to smoothly form basic strokes such as circles and lines



- •Letter perception, including the ability to recognize forms, notice likenesses and differences
- •Orientation to printed language; which involves the visual analysis of letters and words and right-left discrimination

## Developing open web space

The thumb web space is that space between your thumb and pointer finger that makes an "O" when you make the "OK" sign. In order to grasp small items with your thumb and index finger, you need to oppose the tip of your thumb to the tip of your pointer finger. Not only do the tips of the fingers need to touch, but the thumb must rotate at the joint closest to your hand. This opposition is needed to manipulate and grasp small items like shoe laces, buttons, and zippers.

When kids write or colour with that web space area squashed shut, it's a sign of problems. Then might be compensating for thumb instability, underdeveloped hand arches, and/or poor strength. Each of these problem areas will lead to difficulties with handwriting, dexterity, manipulation of small items like beads, and pencil grasp.

Writing with a closed web space is inefficient and will cause poor and slow handwriting, especially as children grow and are expected to write at faster speeds. A closed web space while attempting to manage fasteners such as buttons and zippers will lead to fumbling and difficulty.

An important piece of an open thumb space is the components that make up the skill. These include arch development, opposition of the thumb to the pointer finger, rotation of the thumb CMC joint, and flexion of the MCP and IP joints.

To encourage arch development try these ideas:

Tearing small pieces of paper

Shaking dice within the hand

Rolling small pieces of play dough into balls

## HERE ARE MORE EASY WAYS TO ENCOURAGE AN OPEN THUMB WEB SPACE:

Remember, while completing these activities, encourage the child to flex the thumb IP joint and to rotate the thumb to oppose the fingers. This promotes an open thumb web space, and not a squashed space!

Pushing small pegs into a pegboard

**Pinching clothes pins** 

Tweezer activities

**Popping bubble wrap** 

Connect 4 game

Using an eye dropper to transfer water

Stringing beads

Wind-up toys

Holding coins in hand and posting